Funding Sources for Home Modification: West Virginia

This document contains a list of possible funding sources for home modification using the following categories:

- Aging and Disability
- Healthcare/Insurance
- Housing and Community Development
- Lending
- Social and Vocational
- Tax Sources

This resource was developed as part of the *Promoting Aging in Place by Enhancing Access to Home Modifications Project*, funded by the Administration for Community Living. For more information on this state's home modification activities, visit https://homemods.org/directory-state-profile/wv/ For general information on home modification funding, programs, and consumer materials, please visit the University of Southern California Leonard Davis School of Gerontology, Fall Prevention Center of Excellence: www.homemods.org/acl. To request updates to this document, email https://www.homemods.org/acl. To request updates to this document, email https://www.homemods.org/acl.

Resource	Description	Target Populations/Eligibility Requirements *may differ in some states/localities	
	AGING AND DISABILITY		
Administration on Aging (AoA) Title III-B Services and Title III-E Family Caregiver Support Program for local Area Agencies on Aging (AAA) West Virginia Bureau of Senior Services (State Unit on Aging) http://www.wvseniorservices.gov/	The Older Americans Act provides funds via the AoA to State Departments or Units on Aging and then to Area Agencies on Aging for community services, which may include home assessments and modifications.	Target Populations Homeowners Renters Landlords Those with low income Older adults People with disabilities	
Find the address and phone number of the AAA covering your area using the Eldercare Locator link, www.eldercare.com , or call (800) 677-1116.			
Assistive Technology, U.S. Department of Education/Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA) West Virginia Assistive Technology System http://wvats.cedwvu.org/	Since 1988, the federal "Technology-Related Services for Individuals with Disabilities Act" provides grants to set up and operate state-level Assistive Technology Programs, many of which provide home modifications or partner with lenders that provide loan funds.	Target Populations Homeowners Renters People with disabilities	

Centers for Independent Living, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) West Virginia Centers for Independent Living http://www.wvsilc.org/partners.htm	These nonprofits, funded with federal vocational rehabilitation funds, provide advocacy, skills training, counseling, information and referral and other assistance that enhances community living for persons with disabilities. Some provide grants and loans for home modification.	Target Populations Homeowners Renters Those with low income Older adults People with disabilities
Veterans Housing Grants and Rehabilitation and Prosthetic Services, U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs • Specially Adapted Housing (SAH) Grant and Special Housing Adaptation (SHA) Grant http://benefits.va.gov/homeloans/adaptedhousing.asp • Temporary Residence Adaptation (TRA) Grant http://benefits.va.gov/homeloans/adaptedhousing.asp • Home Improvements and Structural Alterations (HISA) Grant http://www.prosthetics.va.gov/psas/HISA2.asp To determine eligibility or connect with local SHA, SAH, or HISA grant administrations, visit https://www.va.gov/directory/guide/home.asp or call VA toll-free at 1-800-827-1000. Need more information or have questions? Contact a Specially Adapted Housing (SAH) staff member via email at sahinfo.vbaco@va.gov or by phone at (877) 827-3702.	SAH provides up to \$90,364 (2020) to construct an adapted home, remodel a home, or apply to a mortgage balance of an adapted home purchased with a VA grant. SHA provides up to \$18,074 (2020) to adapt the home of a Veteran or of a family member with whom the Veteran lives, or to help purchase a home for modification or one already adapted. TRA provides a temporary grant of up to \$37,597 (SAH) and up to \$6,713 (SHA). HISA funds medically necessary accessibility improvements to entrances, bathrooms, and kitchens; providing Veterans with service-related disabilities up to \$6,800 and Veterans with non-service related disabilities up to \$2,000.	Target Populations
Vocational Rehabilitation, U.S. Department of Education/Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA) West Virginia Division of Rehabilitation Services http://www.wvdrs.org/	The Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA), part of the U.S. Department of Education, provides "Part A" funds to state rehabilitation agencies for assistive devices or home modifications for individuals with a vocational objective. These funds are then made available through: 1) the state's rehabilitation services agency network; or 2) a vocational rehabilitation agency; or 3) local independent living centers.	Target Populations Homeowners Renters Landlords Those with low income People with disabilities

HEALTH CARE/INSURANCE SOURCES		
Insurance: 1. Health (e.g., Medicare) and Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) 2. Long-Term Care 3. Life	 These types of insurance programs can potentially cover home modification but with great variation. Health insurers, including some HMOs, may consider home modifications as part of a comprehensive package of resources for prevention. Medicare does not cover home modification but will cover some related durable medical equipment, however, as of 2018, Medicare Advantage programs have the option of covering basic home modifications as part of the Supplemental benefits. Long-Term Care plans may have home modification-related coverage in a rider paid in addition to basic premiums. Life insurance premiums can sometimes be borrowed against to fund home modifications. 	 Target Populations Homeowners Renters How to Access: Contact your insurance plan or employer (if your insurance is provided by your employer)
Medicaid Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) Waivers The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid provides profiles of each state's waivers. For summaries of your state's waivers that include home modification, visit: West Virginia Medicaid https://dhhr.wv.gov/bms/Pages/Field-Offices.aspx West Virginia Medicaid HCBS Waiver summaries https://homemods.org/directory-state-profile/wv/	States can apply to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for a specific target population of recipients (e.g., older adults) to be assisted by "waiving" the regulations otherwise requiring expenditures in hospital/institutional settings. These "Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) Waivers" authorized by Section 1915(c) of the Social Security Act, may include "environmental modification."	 Target Populations Those with low income who are older adults or younger with chronic conditions
Money Follows the Person Program https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/ltss/money-follows-the-person/index.html West Virginia Money Follows the Person Program, Take Me Home (TMH) Transition Program https://dhhr.wv.gov/bms/Programs/Takemehome/Pages/default.aspx	"Money Follows the Person" (MFP) is a federal program that helps with the nursing home to community transition. Services and activities are unique to each MFP program.	 Target Populations Individuals with chronic conditions or disabilities
Social Security Plan for Achieving Self-Support https://www.ssa.gov/disabilityresearch/wi/pass.htm Impairment-Related Work Expenses	Plan For Achieving Self Support (PASS) Supplemental Security Income (SSI), a major program of the Social Security Administration, provides income for extremely low-income persons who have a disability, and can be used for modifications to a home for achieving greater independence.	 Target Populations Homeowners Renters Those with extremely low income People with disabilities

https://www.ssa.gov/ssi/spotlights/spot-work- expenses.htm Phone (800) 772–1213 TTY: 1–800–325–0778	Impairment Related Work Expenses (IRWE) can be used by Social Security Disability (SSDI) and SSI recipients for costs for home modifications, equipment and assistive technology and are deducted from the earnings used to calculate benefit payments (this means benefits are reduced less than they otherwise would be because a lower earnings figure is used). These costs may also be deductible from personal income taxes.	
	HOUSING/COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUNDING SOUR	CES
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG), Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) • CDBG Entitlement Program https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/cdbg- entitlement/ • State CDBG Program https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/cdbg-state/ Find your local CDBG Grantees here: Local Grantees by State	CDBG is a funding stream allocated by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to state and local governments to support housing, community, and economic development needs including home repair/improvement. The CDBG Entitlement Program provides annual grants on a formula basis to entitled cities and counties to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment, principally for low- and moderate-income persons. Under the State CDBG Program, states award grants to smaller units of general local government that develop and preserve decent affordable housing and provide services to the most vulnerable in our communities. Annually, each State develops funding priorities based on need and criteria for selecting projects.	 Target Populations Homeowners Renters Landlords Those with low income Older adults People with disabilities
HOME Program, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) https://www.hud.gov/hudprograms/home-program To learn who offers HOME in your area, use the "Find A Grantee" box on the left of the page below. Search by state and then check the HOME Investment Partnerships Program box. https://www.hudexchange.info/grantees/	A number of years after CDBG was established, HOME was created as a block grant allocated to states and communities to solely focus on housing. It funds many home repair efforts nationwide.	 Target Populations Homeowners Renters Those with low income Older adults
Local Housing/Neighborhood Agencies (Neighborhood Housing Services) For related information, visit: http://www.neighborworks.org To find local agencies, do an online search with your city name and "Neighborhood Housing Services" or use this	Some towns and/or counties have neighborhood or local agencies (often nonprofit) that offer home improvement advice and/or funding, including home repair programs. Neighborhood Housing Services are one type.	Target Populations Homeowners Renters Landlords Those with low income Older adults People with disabilities

locator to identify NeighborWorks affiliates in your area: http://www.neighborworks.org/Our-Network/Network- Directory State Housing Finance Agencies (HFAs) https://www.ncsha.org/about-us/about-hfas/ West Virginia Housing Development Fund www.wvhdf.com	State HFAs (which can go by a variety of names) assist low- and moderate-income households by lending funds that: assist first-time buyers to purchase homes, finance construction/repairs, develop supportive housing for seniors and persons with disabilities, and operate low-interest loan and deferred loan home improvement programming. They also provide funds to developers creating new single-family homes and constructing/rehabbing multi-family housing benefitting low-moderate-income households.	Target Populations
USDA Office of Rural Development, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) • Section 504 Home Repair https://www.rd.usda.gov/programs-services/single-family-housing-repair-loans-grants • Section 533 Rural Housing Preservation https://www.rd.usda.gov/programs-services/housing-preservation-grants West Virginia USDA Offices: • Beckley Area Office • Cross Lanes Area Office • Elkins Area Office • Ripley Area Office • Lewisburg Office • Martinsburg Office • McMechen Office • Romney Office • Weston Office • Weston Office • White Hall Office https://www.rd.usda.gov/contact-us/state-offices/wv	Section 504 Home Repair Loans/Grants provide loans (up to \$20,000) to very-low-income homeowners to repair, improve, or modernize their homes or grants (up to \$7,500) to very-low-income older adult homeowners to remove health and safety hazards. Loans with 1% interest are available for households with repayment ability. Grants are available for homeowners age 62 and older who are unable to repay a loan. Loans and grants can be combined for up to \$27,500 in assistance. Section 533 Rural Housing Preservation Grants provide funds to state and local government entities, non-profits, and federally recognized Tribes for the repair or rehabilitation of homes (including accessibility features) occupied by low-income persons in rural areas. Rental property owners may also receive assistance to make units available to low- and very-low-income families.	Section 504 Home Repair Loans/Grants Target Populations Homeowners Those with low income Older adults Eligibility: Be homeowner and occupy house; Be unable to obtain affordable credit elsewhere; Have a family income below 50% of the area median income; For grants, be age 62 or older and not be able to repay a repair loan. Section 533 Rural Housing Preservation Grants Target Populations Agencies and organizations Federally recognized Tribes Eligibility: Homes must be located in rural communities of 20,000 people or less or federally recognized Tribal lands.
Weatherization Assistance Program, U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)	The Weatherization Assistance Program's primary purpose is: "to increase the energy efficiency of dwellings owned or occupied by low-income persons, reduce their total residential energy expenditures, and improve their health and safety, especially low-income persons who are	Target Populations Homeowners Renters Those with low income

https://energy.gov/eere/wipo/about-weatherization-assistance-program-0 West Virginia Weatherization Assistance Program https://wvcad.org/sustainability/weatherization-assistance-program	particularly vulnerable such as the elderly, the disabled, and children." This includes incidental safety repairs when needed.	 Older adults People with disabilities Eligibility: States set income requirements, give preference to: Those receiving Supplemental Security Income or Aid to Families with Dependent Children People over 60 years of age Families with one or more members with a disability Families with children (in most states) Homeowners and renters
	LENDING FUNDING RESOURCES	
Federal Housing Administration (FHA) Loan Insurance, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) • Title I Home Improvement https://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_o ffices/housing/sfh/title/title-i • 203(k) Purchase/Rehabilitation https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/housing/sfh/203 k Locate a Title I or 203(k) Program in your area: https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/housing/sfh/lender/lenderlist	These loan guarantee programs are through local lenders (not direct funding): Title I insures loans for rehabilitating an existing home 203(k) Insurance enables home buyers and homeowners to finance the purchase (or refinancing) of a house and rehabilitation of a home through a single mortgage, or to finance the rehabilitation of their existing home.	Title I Home Improvement Target Populations
Home Equity Line of Credit	Home equity lines of credit may be used for home improvements and accessed when the need arises. Homeowners can borrow money that must be repaid with interest. The homeowner's residence is used as collateral for the loan.	Target Populations
Home Equity Loan	Homeowners can take out a second mortgage loan to finance home modifications. This separate home improvement loan is repaid in addition to the existing first mortgage.	Target Populations ■ Homeowners Eligibility: Homeowners with an existing mortgage loan. How to Access: Contact your local banking institution.

Lender Unsecured/Personal Loans	For less expensive modifications, a homeowner or renter can apply for a personal loan at their bank. This is a helpful source for renters since no mortgage is placed on the property to secure the debt.	Target Populations
Mortgage Refinancing	Refinancing pays off the existing first mortgage loan to purchase a property and creates a new one that can provide funds for an improvement project such as home modifications (if the value of the property has grown over time and/or depending on how much of the property value the owner has paid off).	Target Populations
Remodeler Donated Financing • Remodeler donated unsecured loan	Remodelers may self-fund all or part of a home modification project for a homeowner (this may be done in the spirit of giving or as part of a marketing promotion of the remodeler's commitment to giving back to its community). It might include donated labor by the remodeler or material contributed by the remodeler's suppliers.	Target Populations
 Remodeler Referred Financing Remodeler referred unsecured loan Remodeler referred secured loan 	Besides considering loans from banks or other lenders, many finance companies offer consumer lending services through remodeling contractors or suppliers. Many remodelers can offer project financing by associating with finance companies specializing in remodeling projects, which provides customer convenience, processing speed, and may have lower closing costs than other refinancing options.	Target Populations
Reverse Equity Mortgage National Reverse Mortgage Lenders Association: http://www.reversemortgage.org FHA-Approved Home Equity Conversion Mortgages for Seniors: HUD Information, including finding a counselor in your area http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/sfh/hecm/hecmhome	Special financing technique available only for elderly homeowners to convert their home equity into a lump-sum payment, a stream of monthly payments, a line of credit, or a combination of these options. The property's title is turned over to the lender in exchange for the payment(s). Funds could be used to make changes to their homes.	Target Populations

National Council on Aging Reverse Mortgage Counseling https://www.ncoa.org/economic-security/home-equity/reverse- mortgages/reverse-mortgage-counseling/ Secured Loans Against Homeowner's Bank Accounts	Homeowners can take out a personal loan against their own financial assets held by their local bank to fund home modification projects. If a household has an adequate certificate of deposit (CD) with a long term,	Target Populations
	a lender may allow borrowing against it to fund less expensive modifications. The household may be eligible to receive up to a certain percentage of the CD's value (e.g., 80%) for a term shorter than the CD's, or if the CD is renewed when its term expires, the loan against it may be extended.	TIOW TO ACCESS. CONTACT YOUR ROCAL DANKING INSTITUTION.
Secured Loans Against Homeowner's Financial Investment Accounts (Margin Loan)	A margin loan is money typically borrowed from your bank or investment firm to buy additional shares or managed funds. Often, the proceeds from a margin loan can be used for other purposes such as real estate investments or improvements. As an investment strategy, a margin loan can be a successful way to grow wealth. A margin loan is usually offered at below market interest rates as you are basically borrowing one's own money. The loan can offer taxation benefits, and the added security of diversifying one's investment portfolio.	Target Populations
	SOCIAL/VOCATIONAL SUPPORTS	
Civic, Advocacy, Religious, and Trade Groups	Organizations may include neighborhood associations or community groups, churches, synagogues, Jaycees, building trade unions, Boy Scouts of America, Girl Scouts of America, Kiwanis Clubs, YMCAs, Knights of Columbus, Rotary Clubs, Lion's Clubs, B'nai B'rith, Masons, builders associations, or 4H Clubs. These groups may sponsor projects (e.g., rampathons), raise/donate funds, and conduct other activities to help with home modifications.	Target Populations
Crime Victims' Benefits, U.S. Department of Justice https://www.benefits.gov/benefits/benefit-details/4416 West Virginia Crime Victims Fund http://www.wvlegislature.gov/Joint/victims.cfm	States have programs that provide compensation when a person is injured or dies when a crime is committed against them. Beneficiaries may include the victim, their families, and/or a person paying a victim's expenses. Awards might cover home accessibility modifications, when applicable. Compensation is paid only when other financial resources, such as private insurance and offender restitution, do not cover the loss.	Target Populations Homeowners Renters
Social Security Title XX Social Services, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)	Administered by the federal Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), states distribute Social Services Block Grant funds through regional offices that assist households facing emergencies (e.g., major	Target Populations ● Homeowners

https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ocs/resource/ssbg-fact-sheet housing or medical problems). They can support households already Renters receiving public assistance. Assistance may include installing very Landlords To locate your state office: basic modifications like a ramp, hall rail, or bathroom grab bars. Those with low income https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ocs/resource/ssbg-contacts People with disabilities **<u>Eligibility</u>**: Generally targeted to households already receiving some form of public assistance. **How to Access:** Social Services Block Grant funds are awarded directly to states. Awards are not made directly to individuals or social service organizations. The human and social service departments in each state oversee the provision of SSBG funded services. For more information about services and eligibility, contact your local social service office (see link at left). Workers' Compensation, U.S. Department of Labor States administer programs that provide financial assistance for workers **Target Populations** injured on the job. Workers' Compensation programs usually fund Homeowners **West Virginia Workers' Compensation Program** modifications or purchasing/leasing another unit if the worker cannot Renters https://www.wvinsurance.gov/Workers-Compensation adequately perform everyday functions at home. Coverage is provided People with disabilities through the Workers' Compensation Insurance businesses are required to purchase; states oversee to ensure claims are handled properly. TAX FUNDING SOURCES Internal Revenue Service, U.S. Department of the Personal Federal Income Tax. Out-of-pocket expenses for a range of Personal Income Tax Deduction accessibility modifications can be included when calculating federal Treasury **Target Populations** income tax medical expense deductions. Features permitted may only Homeowners partially increase property value. Personal Income Tax Deduction People with disabilities https://www.irs.gov/credits-deductions **Federal Capital Gains Tax**. Financing home modifications has tax implications. The amount spent on accessibility can be added to the **Capital Gains Tax** Capital Gains Tax cost basis of the house --- the cumulative cost of improvements made **Target Populations** https://www.irs.gov/taxtopics/tc409.html over the years, even if market value is not increased. When the house is Homeowners sold, the capital gain reflects the difference between the net selling price Landlords Business Tax Deduction and the cost basis. People with disabilities https://www.irs.gov/businesses/small-businesses-Federal Income Tax Deduction for Housing Used for Business self-employed/deducting-business-expenses Purposes. When a property is used for business purposes, a portion of **Business Tax Deduction** capital expenses such as building improvements normally must be **Target Populations** deducted over a number of years. However, accessibility improvements Homeowners for customers can either be deducted over time or taken as a lump-sum Landlords deduction in the year the expenses occurred.

State/Local Taxes

- Sales Tax Exemption
- Property Tax Exemption

To find your local IRS office:

https://www.irs.gov/help/contact-your-local-irs-office

<u>State/Local Sales Tax Exemption</u>. Some states and/or counties offer a sales tax exemption for certain accessibility improvement-related purchases households make. For example, a state may have an exemption for the sales tax paid on materials used to construct a ramp or when purchasing lifting equipment installed at a residence. A homeowner typically purchases the supplies and/or equipment, and submits documentation to receive the rebate.

<u>Local Property Tax Exemption</u>. Whatever a property's current market value or sales price, home modifications may increase the assessed value to and raise property taxes as a result. This can be an unfortunate side effect of home modifications, a remodeling job whose primary intent is to encourage better functioning.

State/Local Sales Tax Exemption Target Populations

- Homeowners
- Renters
- Older adults
- People with disabilities

Local Property Tax Exemption Target Populations

- Homeowners
- Landlords
- People with disabilities

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